BIOGRAPHIES TAL

LIC CAREER. LEGISLATIVE SERVICE: Lower House, Anne Arundel County, 1659/60, 1669 (Aggrievances), 1671 (speaker 1; absent from 2nd session because of journey to England; appointed to the Council before the 3rd session of the 1671-1674/ 75 Assembly); Upper House, 1674-1674/75 (appointed by the 3rd session of the 1671-1674/75 Assembly; Accounts 3), 1676-1682 (Accounts 2-5), 1682-1684 (Accounts 1), 1686-1688 (president 1). OTHER PROVINCIAL OFFICES: Council, 1673-1688/89 (president, 1685-1688); Board of Deputy Governors, 1684-1688/89; justice, Provincial Court, 1673-1688/89. LOCAL OFFICES: justice, Anne Arundel County, 1658-1661, 1663/ 64-1668 (quorum, 1665-1668); coroner, Anne Arundel County, 1671. MILITARY SERVICE: lt. colonel, by 1676; colonel, by 1677-1688/89. STANDS ON PUBLIC/PRIVATE ISSUES: instrumental in getting the Assembly to pass a law granting the proprietor an export duty of two shillings per hogshead of tobacco, 1671; testified in England for Lord Baltimore against the Protestant Associators, 1690. WEALTH DURING LIFETIME. LAND: owned at least 200 acres by 1659, at least 1,100 acres by 1669, and at least 2,600 acres by 1675.

TALBOT, GEORGE (?-?). BORN: probably in Ireland. IMMIGRATED: in 1679/80 from Castle Ruby in Roscommon County, Ireland, as a free adult. RESIDED: in Cecil County; left Maryland permanently in 1687. FAMILY BACKGROUND. FATHER: James Talbot, Esq., of Ballyconnell, County Cavan, and Castle Ruby, County Roscommon; son of Walter Talbot. MOTHER: Helen (ca. 1615-1655). daughter of Sir George Calvert, 1st Lord Baltimore (1578/79-1632), and wife Anne Mynne. UNCLES: Cecilius Calvert, 2nd Lord Baltimore, (1605-1675); Leonard Calvert (ca. 1606-1647). HALF UNCLE: Philip Calvert (1626–1682). FIRST COUSINS: Charles Calvert, 3rd Lord Baltimore (1637-1714/15); William Calvert (ca. 1642/43-1682); and Anne Calvert (1644–ca. 1714), who married first, in 1664, Baker Brooke (1628-1678/79). MARRIED Sarah. PRIVATE CAREER. EDUCATION: literate, probably well educated. RELIGIOUS AFFILIATION: Catholic. SOCIAL STATUS AND ACTIVITIES: In 1680, Talbot contracted to transport 640 persons into the province for which he was to receive a grant for 32,000 acres in Cecil County; unable to fulfill his commitment, he finally obtained his manor by transporting 60 persons and paying 13,920 pounds of tobacco; Esq., on arrival. OCCUPA-TIONAL PROFILE: planter. PUBLIC CAREER. LEGIS-LATIVE SERVICE: Upper House, 1681-1682 (appointed by the 3rd session of the 1676-1682 Assembly, but no record of any attendance), 1682-1684 (attended only 2nd session). OTHER PROVIN-CIAL OFFICES: Council, 1679/80-1684; justice, Provincial Court, 1679/80-1684; surveyor general, 1683-1684; president, Board of Deputy Governors, May-October 1684. MILITARY SERV-ICE: colonel, 1679/80-1684. STANDS ON PUBLICA PRIVATE ISSUES: killed customs collector Christopher Rousby (?-1684) on October 31, 1684, in a violent quarrel on board the king's ketch Quaker, then lying at the mouth of the Patuxent River. Talbot, a kinsman of Lord Baltimore and member of the Council of Maryland, was irate over Rousby's accusations against Lord Baltimore of misgovernment of the province. The captain of the Quaker put Talbot in irons, but refused to surrender him to Maryland authorities because the demand was not made in the name of the king. Talbot was taken to Virginia where Lord Effingham, the governor, wrote to England for further instructions. In February 1684/85, the king directed that Talbot be sent to England for trial. Prior to the receipt of this message, Talbot escaped from his Gloucester County, Virginia, prison with the aid of his wife. In April 1685 he surrendered to Maryland authorities, probably hoping to be tried in his own province. He was later released to Virginia authorities when King James commissioned a Court of Over and Terminer in Virginia for the trial of such cases. Talbot was found guilty by jury in James City, Virginia, in April 1686, but was pardoned by King James II later that same year. Subsequently he served in the army of King James II and was outlawed in England for treason. WEALTH DURING LIFETIME. LAND AT FIRST ELECTION: 32,000 acres; sold 2,000 in 1687.

TALBOT, WILLIAM (?-1691). BORN: probably in Carton, Ireland; only son. IMMIGRATED: in 1670, as a free adult from Ireland. RESIDED: in St. Mary's County; returned to England and Ireland in 1671. FAMILY BACKGROUND. FATHER: Sir Robert Talbot (ca. 1610–1670) of Carton, baronet, member of Parliament, Wicklow, 1634. MOTHER: Grace (1611–1672), daughter of George Calvert, 1st Lord Baltimore (1578/79–1632). UNCLES: Cecilius Calvert, 2nd Lord Baltimore (1605–1675); Leonard Calvert (ca. 1606–1647); and Richard Talbot, Earl of Tyreconnell, and an intimate of James, Duke of York. HALF UNCLE: Philip Calvert (1626–1682). FIRST COUSINS: Charles Calvert, 3rd Lord Baltimore (1637–1714/15); William Calvert (ca. 1642/